

### JOINT FORMULARY FOR HULL AND EAST RIDING OF YORKSHIRE

### **Purpose of formulary**

This formulary aims to promote evidence based, safe and cost-effective prescribing throughout the Hull and East Riding area. HERPC has been disbanded and the HERPC joint formulary is currently being merged into the Humber Area Prescribing Committee Joint formulary. So for drugs classified after April 2022 the formulary status will be a Humber APC formulary status. The Humber APC formulary is located on <a href="https://www.apcnlgformulary.nhs.uk/default.asp">https://www.apcnlgformulary.nhs.uk/default.asp</a> please note only use this formulary for any merged chapters as listed in this document. As only the merged chapters are the Humber formulary; the unmerged chapters are the Northern Lincolnshire APC formulary.

### Format of formulary

The formulary provides recommendations on 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> line drug treatments based on BNF / BNFC classifications with the **expectation that the majority of prescribing by GPs and "non-specialist prescribers" would be from those drugs listed as 1<sup>st</sup>/2<sup>nd</sup> line treatments.** 

Drugs listed in 3<sup>rd</sup> column of recommendations are treatments which should be prescribed by a specialist, prescribed as advised by a specialist or prescribed in line with specific national or local guidance.

At the end of each Chapter there is an additional list of drugs which should only be administered in an in-patient / specialist setting.

### **Traffic Light Classification**

Within Hull and East Riding drug treatment are classified as follows:

Red - specialist prescriber only

Amber – prescribed in accordance with approved shared care framework

Blue - Guideline Led prescribed on advice of specialist or in line with national / local guideline

Green - other items listed on formulary suitable for initiation and prescribing by any prescriber

Recommendations on 1<sup>st</sup>, 2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> line drug treatments are colour coded as Red/Amber/Guideline Led where appropriate.

1st and 2nd line recommendations which appear in standard font are suitable for initiation and prescribing by any prescriber (i.e. Green).

Drugs classified via the **Humber Area Prescribing Committee** are classified as follows:

GREEN	Medicines suitable for routine use within primary care and Secondary care. May be initiated within primary care within their licensed indication, in accordance with nationally recognised formularies
AMB 1	Specialist recommendation: These medicines are considered suitable for GP prescribing following specialist recommendation or via an APC approved prescribing guideline.
AMB 2	Specialist initiation: These medicines are considered suitable for GP prescribing following specialist initiation, including titration of dose and assessment of efficacy. These medicines may also have an APC approved guideline to aid GPs in further prescribing.
AMB SCP	AMBER SHARE CARE PROTOCOL- Specialist initiation with ongoing monitoring: Medicines that must be initiated by a specialist, and which require significant monitoring on an ongoing basis. Full agreement to share the care of each specific patient must be reached under the shared care protocol which must be provided to the GP. If a commissioned shared care is not available in CCG/place then these drugs must be treated as red drug (hospital)

Recommendations on 1<sup>st</sup>, 2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> line drug treatments are colour coded as Red/Amber/Guideline Led where appropriate. 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> line recommendations which appear in standard font are suitable for initiation and prescribing by any prescriber (i.e. Green).

#### **Further clinical information**

Drug treatments listed are for oral administration unless otherwise stated.

Before prescribing, the information contained within these guidelines should be read in conjunction with the most recent British National Formulary (<a href="www.bnfc.org">www.bnfc.org</a>) or the electronic medicines compendium (<a href="www.emc.medicines.org.uk">www.emc.medicines.org.uk</a>) for contraindications, cautions, use in pregnancy/ breast feeding and other disease states (e.g. renal or hepatic impairment) and drug interactions.

### **Development and maintenance of Joint Formulary**

The Joint Formulary was developed and will be maintained by the Formulary Sub Committee of Hull and East Riding Prescribing Committee (HERPC). Recommendations are based on review of individual provider's formulary and guidelines, primary care prescribing data, NICE guidance, BNF and BNF for Children.

The Joint formulary was first approved by HERPC in April 2014.

The Joint Formulary is updated every 2 months and is subject to an on-going rolling review programme.

Further information on HERPC can be found at: www.hey.nhs.uk/herpc.htm

Any queries or feedback on content of the Joint Formulary should be sent to <a href="mailto:jane.morgan14@nhs.net">jane.morgan14@nhs.net</a>

Some differences remain between provider formularies and the Joint Formulary and will be reviewed as part of on-going review. Drugs listed in the Joint Formulary which are not listed in local provider formulary are listed in *italics*.

### Implementation of the Joint Formulary

### **GP Practices**

1st and 2nd line recommendations will be incorporated into GP prescribing systems, with agreement of GP practice, as a tool to support clinical practice.

### Prescribing within secondary care and specialist services

Prescribers working within specialist services in primary and secondary care are expected to prescribe and make prescribing recommendations from drugs listed in the Joint Formulary, or where differences exist, from drugs listed within their individual organisation's formulary or guidelines.

Prescribing of drugs not listed in these formularies should only occur when approved by Chair of Drug & Therapeutics Committee (or equivalent) or Exceptional Treatment Panel.

#### Audit

An audit of prescribing data compared to formulary recommendations may be used as a topic by GP practice for individual practice based audit or by CCG to audit overall prescribing patterns.

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The Humber APC joint formulary is available at Humber APC Formulary (apcnlgformulary.nhs.uk)

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### **BNF CHAPTER 3: RESPIRATORY SYSTEM**

National Guidance

BTS /SIGN British Guideline on the Management of Asthma 2011

http://publications.nice.org.uk/omalizumab-for-treating-severe-persistent-allergic-asthma-review-of-technology-appraisal-guidance-ta278

http://pathways.nice.org.uk/pathways/chronic-obstructive-pulmonary-disease

NG 80 Asthma: diagnosis, monitoring and chronic asthma management

http://pathways.nice.org.uk/pathways/anaphylaxis

http://publications.nice.org.uk/idiopathic-pulmonary-fibrosis-cg163

http://publications.nice.org.uk/colistimethate-sodium-and-tobramycin-dry-powders-for-inhalation-for-treating-pseudomonas-lung-ta276

### Local guidance:

Diagnosis of Airways Disease in Adults

**COPD Treatment Pathway** 

HNY Adult Asthma Guidance 2023

HNY Paediatric Asthma Guidance 12-17 years

HNY Paediatric Asthma Guidance 6-11 years

BNF Section	Description	First choice	Second choice	Other treatment options KEY Red drug – specialist only Amber drug – as per shared care framework Blue - Specialist advised / Guideline Led as per specialist advice or as per guideline
3.1 BRO	NCHODILATORS			
3.1.1.1	Selective β <sub>2</sub> adrenoreceptor stimulants for	Short acting Salbutamol	Terbutaline	
	inhalation	Long acting Formoterol Indacaterol	Salmeterol	Bambuterol
3.1.1.2	Other adrenoreceptor stimulants			

T	Long acting		
T1 1 11	Tiotropium	Aclidinium	
Theophylline	Theophylline MR For existing patients only	Aminophylline MR	Prescribe by BRAND
Compound Bronchodilator Preparations	Umeclidinium/Vilanterol (Anoro Ellipta®) Formoterol/Aclidinium (Duaklir Genuair®)		
	Olodaterol/Tiotropium (Spiolto Respimat®)		
	(Ultibro Breezehaler®)		
	Formoterol/Glycopyrronium (Bevespi® Aerosphere)		
Peak flow meters	Standard range PFM Low range PFM		
Drug delivery devices	Aerochamber Plus Flow-Vu	Volumatic	Patients on Aerochamber plus should be changed over to Aerochamber Plus Flow-Vu when new device ordered.
COSTEROIDS			
Inhaled corticosteroids	Beclometasone prescribe by brand	Budesonide Fluticasone	Ciclesonide
Compound preparations	Asthma Corticosteroid + LABA		Flutiform existing patients only  Fluticasone with Salmeterol existing patients only  Budesonide/Formoterol Dry Powder Inhaler (DuoResp Spiromax)existing patients only
	Peak flow meters  Drug delivery devices  COSTEROIDS  Inhaled corticosteroids  Compound	Compound Bronchodilator Preparations  Formoterol/Aclidinium (Duaklir Genuair®)  Olodaterol/Tiotropium (Spiolto Respimat®)  Indacaterol/Glycopyrronium (Ultibro Breezehaler®)  Formoterol/Glycopyrronium (Bevespi® Aerosphere)  Peak flow meters  Standard range PFM Low range PFM Low range PFM Drug delivery devices  Aerochamber Plus Flow-Vu  COSTEROIDS  Inhaled corticosteroids  Beclometasone prescribe by brand  Compound  Asthma	Compound Bronchodilator Preparations  Compound Bronchodilator Preparations  Formoterol/Aclidinium (Duaklir Genuair®)  Colodaterol/Tiotropium (Spiolto Respimat®)  Indacaterol/Glycopyrronium (Ultibro Breezehaler®)  Formoterol/Glycopyrronium (Bevespi® Aerosphere)  Peak flow meters  Standard range PFM Low range PFM Low range PFM Drug delivery devices  Aerochamber Plus Flow-Vu  Volumatic  COSTEROIDS  Inhaled corticosteroids  Beclometasone prescribe by brand  Budesonide Fluticasone  Compound  Asthma

3.3 CROM		Fostair® (Nexthaler or MDI) or Luforbec® (100/6 MDI) Beclometasone/Formoterol  Symbicort® Budesonide/Formoterol  Fobumix® Easyhaler Budesonide/Formoterol  Corticosteroid plus LABA/LAMA  COPD/Asthma Beclometasone/formoterol/ glycopyrronium (Trimbow® Nexthaler or MDI)  COPD only Budesonide/formeterol/ glycopyrronium (Trixeo®)	NE RECEPTOR ANTAG	On recommendation of specialist asthma teams only Mometasone/Indacaterol/Glycopyrronium (Enerzair®Breezehaler)  Indacaterol/Mometasone (Atectura®Breezehaler)  Fluticasone/Vilanterol (Relvar®)
3.3.1	Cromoglicate and	<u> </u>		Sodium cromoglicate inhaler
	related therapy			Nedocromil inhaler
3.3.2	Leukotriene receptor antagonists	Montelukast		

3.3.3	Phosphodiesterase type-4 inhibitors	<u>Roflumilast</u>				
3.4 ANTIHISTAMINES, HYPOSENSITISATION AND ALLERGIC EMERGENCIES						
3.4.1	Sedating antihistamines	Chlorphenamine	Hydroxyzine Alimemazine Promethazine			
	Non-sedating antihistamines	Cetirizine	Loratadine Fexofenadine	Rupatadine – specialist advice only for urticaria		
3.4.2	Allergen			Grazax		
	Immunotherapy			Pharmalgen		
				Omalizumab TA278 Omalizumab TA339		
				Mepolizumab TA671		
				Reslizumab Injection TA479		
				Benralizumab TA565		
				<u>Acarizax</u>		
				<u>Itulizax</u>		
				<u>Oralvac – sublingual immunotherapy</u>		
				Oraltek - sublingual immunotherapy		
				Tezepelmuab- as per TA880		
3.4.3	Allergic emergencies	Adrenaline IM Pre Filled Pen Prescribe by brand. Please make sure appropriate training is given on the device		Berotralostat – as per <u>TA738</u>		
3.6 OXY				·		
3.6	Home Oxygen					
	7 MUCOLYTICS					
3.7	Mucolytics	Carbocisteine	Erdosteine	Dornase alfa  Dornase alfa AMBER for existing patients only pending repatriation Sodium chloride 7% nebulised solution Sodium chloride 3% nebulised solution Mannitol Dry Powder Inhaler TA 266 Ivacaftor		

			Ivacaftor/Lumacaftor		
			Ivacaftor/Tezacaftor		
			Tezacaftor/Ivacaftor/Elexacaftor		
3.9 COL	JGH PREPARATIONS				
3.9.1	Cough suppressants	Conditions for which over	Oral morphine - for intractable cough in palliative care		
		the counter items should			
		not routinely be prescribed			
3.9.2	Demulcent and	Conditions for which over			
	expectorants	the counter items should			
		not routinely be prescribed			
3.10 SY	STEMIC NASAL DECONO	SESTANTS			
3.10	Systemic nasal	Not recommended			
	decongestants				
3.11 AN	3.11 ANTIFIBROTICS				
3.11	Antifibrotics		Pirfenidone – idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis TA504		
			Nintedanib		

BNF Section	Drug name (s)	
3.4.3 Allergic emergencies	Adrenaline / Epinephrine	
	C1-esterase inhibitor ( <i>Berinert</i> )	
	Icatibant	
	Lanadelumab for hereditary angioedema	
3.5.1 Respiratory stimulants	Doxapram	
3.5.2 Pulmonary surfactants	Poractant alfa	
Unlicensed drugs	Clinical Indication	
Methacholine chloride powder USP	For nebuliser solution (Academic Medicine)	

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### **BNF CHAPTER 5: INFECTIONS**

The Hull and East Riding Prescribing Committee Guideline for Treatment of Infections in Primary Care provides information on 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> line formulary options for treatment of common infections (see links below).

- HERPC antimicrobial guidance
- <u>UTIprimaryCareGuidance.pdf (hey.nhs.uk)</u>
- GI Primary Care guidance

### Traffic Light Status of Specialist Drugs for Treatment of Infection

BNF Section	Drugs approved for in-patient / specialist use only or on specialist advice			
	Key: Red drug – specialist only / in-patient only Amber drug – as per shared care framework Blue - Specialist advised / guideline led as per specialist advice or as per guideline			
5.1.1 Penicillins	Benzylpenicillin – primary care use STAT dose in suspected meningitis only Amoxicillin IV, Flucloxacillin IV, co-amoxiclav IV Temocillin Piperacillin/Tazobactam Pivmecillinam – see Guideline for Prescribing of Pivmecillinam Procaine benzylpenicillin			
5.1.2 Cephalosporins	Cefotaxime or Ceftriaxone - primary care use STAT dose in suspected meningitis only Ceftazidime, Ceftriaxone, Cefalexin, Cefuroxime, Ceftolazone/Tazobactam, Cefazolin, Cefiderocol			
5.1.2 Other Beta-lactams	Aztreonam, Meropenem, Etrapenem			
5.1.3 Tetracyclines	Tigecycline Minocycline			
5.1.4 Aminoglycosides	Gentamicin, Netilmicin, Amikacin, Tobramycin injection Tobramycin Inhaled AMBER for existing patients pending repatriation			
5.1.5 Macrolides	Clarithromycin IV, Erythromycin IV, azithromycin PO including prokinetic use as per respiratory guidance			
5.1.6 Clindamycin	Clindamycin IV			

E 4 7 Other and 11 C	Coding fortists / fortists and				
5.1.7 Other antibiotics	Sodium fusidate / fusidic acid				
	Chloramphenicol IV/ Chloramphenicol Oral				
	Teicoplanin,				
	Vancomycin IV				
	Dalbavancin				
	Vancomycin Oral				
	Daptomycin				
	Fidaxomicin – see Guideline for Prescribing of Fidaxomicin				
	Fosfomycin IV				
	Fosfomycin Oral				
	Rifaximin for immunology use for immunodeficient patients with bacterial colonisation				
	Rifaximin for hepatic encephalopathy-				
	Linezolid all forms				
	Colistimethate sodium IV administration				
	Colistimethate sodium powder for nebulised solution ( <i>Promixin</i> ) or Injection for nebulisation ( <i>Colomycin</i> )				
	Colomycin AMBER for existing patients pending repatriation				
	Pristinamycin				
	Spectinomycin				
	Tedizolid				
5.1.8 Sulphonamides and	Co-trimoxazole IV				
trimethoprim					
5.1.9 Antituberculous Drugs	All specialist use only				
5.1.10 Antileprotic drugs	All specialist use only				
5.1.11 Metronidazole	Metronidazole IV				
5.1.12 Quinolones	Ciprofloxacin IV, Ofloxacin oral, Moxifloxacin IV, Levofloxacin IV/Oral/Inhhaled, Moxifloxacin oral				
5.1.13 Urinary tract infections	Methenamine hippurate				
5.2 Antifungal drugs	Fluconazole IV, Posaconazole, Voriconazole, Isavuconazole				
	Itraconazole for fungal nail infections – see HERPC infection guidelines, other indications – specialist only				
	Amphoteracin (all forms)				
	Caspofungin, Anidulafungin				
	Flucytosine				
	Griseofulvin				
5.3 Antiviral drugs					
	Tecovirimat for Mpox, Maribavir for CMV infection, Letermovir for CMV prophylaxis and treatment				
5.3.1 HIV infection	All specialist use only				
5.3.2 Herpes virus infection	Aciclovir IV, Valaciclovir, Famciclovir				

	Ganciclovir, Valganciclovir,
5.3.3 Viral hepatitis	All Specialist Led as per NHSE/NICE Guidelines
5.3.4 Influenza	Oseltamavir, Zanamavir – <u>see HPA guidance for influenza</u>
5.3.5 Respiratory syncytial virus	Palivizumab, Ribavirin,
5.4 Antiprotozoal drugs	Prophylaxis of malaria – see <u>HPA guidance on Malaria Prevention</u> All other drugs and indications - specialist use only
5.5 Anthelmintics	Mebendazole - HERPC infection guidelines Piperazine with Senna - HERPC infection guidelines All other drugs and indications - specialist use only

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### BNF CHAPTER 7: OBSTETRICS, GYNAECOLOGY AND URINARY TRACT DISORDERS:

### National guidance:

https://pathways.nice.org.uk/pathways/contraception/methods-of-contraception

http://pathways.nice.org.uk/pathways/contraception

http://pathways.nice.org.uk/pathways/lower-urinary-tract-symptoms-in-men

http://pathways.nice.org.uk/pathways/urinary-incontinence-in-women http://pathways.nice.org.uk/pathways/urinary-incontinence-in-neurological-disease

### Local guidance:

Guideline on Treatment of Overactive Bladder

Guideline for Management of Erectile Dysfunction in Primary Care

Erectile Dysfunction following Radical Prostatectomy

Prescribing Formulary for Catheter and Continence Equipment

BNF Section	Description	First line choice(s)	Second line choice(s)	Other treatment options  KEY  Red drug – specialist only  Amber drug – as per shared care framework  Blue - Specialist advised / Guideline Led as per
				specialist advice or as per guideline
7.2 TREAT	MENT OF VAGINAL AND	O VULVAL CONDITIONS		
7.2.1	Treatment of vaginal and vulval conditions	Estriol 0.1% intravaginal cream (Ovestin) Estriol 0.01% intravaginal	Estradiol vaginal tablets (Vagirux®)  Estradiol vaginal ring (Estring®)	Prasterone Pessaries
		cream ( <i>Gynest</i> )		
7.2.2	Vaginal and vulval infections: Candidiasis	Clotrimazole 500mg pessary & clotrimazole 2% cream	Fluconazole 150mg cap	See also HERPC guidelines on Treatment of Infection in Primary Care
	Candidiasis in pregnancy	Clotrimazole 100mg pessary	Miconazole 2% cream	
	Bacterial vaginosis	Metronidazole oral	Metrondiazole 0.75% Vaginal Gel	

1		(400mg BD for 7 days)	Clindamycin 2% Cream	
7.3 CONT	RACEPTIVES		<u> </u>	
7.3.1	Combined hormonal contraceptives			
	Low strength oral	ethinylestradiol & desogestrel ( <i>Gedarel 20/150</i> )	Mercilon, Femodette	
	Low strength vaginal	Nuvaring		
	Ethinylestradiol & Desogestrel	Gedarel		Lucette (Ethinylestradiol / Drospirenone) Eloine (Ethinyloestradiol/Drospirenone)
	Levonorgestrel& Ethinylestradiol	Microgynon ED Rigevidon, 30/150 Logynon	Microgynon	
	Ethinylestradiol& Gestodene		Femodene Femodene ED	
	Ethinylestradiol& Norethisterone	Brevinor Ovysmen	Trinovum	
	Nomegestrol Acetate & Estradiol	Zoely		Zoely to be prescribed by specialist service until commissioning position approved by CCG
	Ethinylestradiol & Norelgestromin	Transdermal Patch Evra		
7.3.2	Progestogen-only cont			
7.3.2.1	Oral	Desogestrel (May contain soya oil not suitable for patients with peanut allergy)	Norethisterone	

1				
7.3.2.2	Parenteral Injectable	Medroxyprogesterone IM (Depo-Provera®)	Medroxyprogesterone SC (Sayana Press®)	
	Implant	Etonorgestrel		
7.3.2.3	Intra-uterine progestogen only	Levonogestrel 20micrograms per 24 hours(Levosert®) Levonorgestrel 19.5mg (Kyleena®) Levonorgestrel 20micrograms per 24hours (Mirena®)	Levonorgestrel 13.5mg (Jaydess®)	
7.3.3	Spermicidal contraceptives	Noxinol '9'		
7.3.4	Contraceptive devices	Copper T 380A T-Safe 380A QuickLoad TT 380 Slimline	Load 375 Mini TT 380 Slimline Nova-T 380	Gynefix
7.3.5	Emergency contraceptives	Levonorgestrel (Upostelle) Ulipristal (EllaOne)		
	GS USED FOR GENITO-UP			
7.4.1	Drugs for urinary retention	Tamsulosin	Alfuzosin Doxazosin	
7.4.2	Drugs for urinary frequency and incontinence in men	Oxybutynin Tolterodine immediate release	Fesoterodine Solifenacin Trospium	Prescribing Guideline for Overactive Bladder Mirabegron (men and women)
	Drugs for Stress urinary incontinence in women	Oxybutinin Tolterodine immediate release	Fesoterodine Solifenacin Duloxetine (Yentreve)	
7.4.3	Urological Pain	Potassium citrate		Pentosan for interstitial cystitis Sodium hyaluronate (Cystistat)for interstitial cystitis
7.4.4	Bladder instillations for catheter patency	Sodium chloride 0.9% Solution-G Solution—R	Chlorhexidine	

7.4.5 DR	UGS FOR IMPOTENCE			
7.4.5	Phosphodiesterase inhibitors	Sildenafil	Vardenafil Tadalafil	Prescribing Guideline for Erectile Dysfunction On specialist advice: Intracavernosal Alprostadil (Caverject or Viridal Duo) Urethral application Alprostadil (MUSE) Vacuum erection devices Topical Alprostadil Aviptadil and Phentolamine (Invicorp®)
	Other treatments			Unlicensed treatments: Intracavernosal Papaverine and Phentolamine

BNF Section	Drug name (s)		
7.1 Prostaglandins & Oxytocics	Dinoprostone, Carboprost		
	Ergometrine, Oxytocin (Syntocinon), Oxytocin with ergometrine (Syntometrine),		
	Misoprostol		
7.1.1.1 Ductus Arteriosus	Maintenance of patency – Alprostadil		
	Closure of ductus – Indometacin, ibuprofen IV		
7.1.2 Mifepristone	Mifepristone		
7.1.3 Myometrial relaxants	Atosiban		
Unlicensed drugs Clinical Indication			
Dimethyl sulfoxide sterile solution Urological use			
Oxybutinin intra-vesical solution	Neurogenic bladder		

### BNF CHAPTER 8: MALIGNANT DISEASE AND IMMUNOSUPPRESSION

### National guidance:

http://pathways.nice.org.uk/pathways/early-and-locally-advanced-breast-cancerhttp://pathways.nice.org.uk/pathways/familial-breast-cancer

http://pathways.nice.org.uk/pathways/prostate-cancer

For other cancer pathways go to http://pathways.nice.org.uk/ and select specific cancer pathway

TA481 Immunosuppressive therapy for kidney transplant in adults

TA 482 Immunosuppressive therapy for kidney transplant in children and young people

http://pathways.nice.org.uk/pathways/multiple-sclerosis

### Local guidance:

Guideline on Prescribing Gonadorelin Analogues and Gonadotrophin Releasing Hormones Antagonists in the treatment of Prostate Cancer

BNF	Description	First line choice(s)	Second line choice(s)	Other treatment options
Section				<u>KEY</u>
				Red drug – specialist only
				Amber drug – as per shared care framework
				Blue - Specialist advised / guideline led as per
				specialist advise or as per guideline

### **8.1 CYTOTOXIC DRUGS**

Axitinib

Amsacrine

### The drugs listed below MUST be prescribed by Specialist team (Listed A-Z)

**Epirubicin** 

Entrectinib

This list includes oral chemotherapeutic agents and parenteral products requiring specialist administration. Cyclophosphamide Lapatinib Abemaciclib Rituximab

Ruxolitinib Sacituzumab govitecan
Jacituzuman govitecam
_
Selpercatinib
Sorafenib
Sunitinib
Tegafur with Uracil
Temozolamide
Temsirolimus
Tepotinib

Tioquanine (Thioquanine)

**Topotecan** 

Nelarabine

**Nilotinib** 

Bendamustine Bevacizumab Bexarotene Bleomycin Bortezomib Brentuximab Busulfan		Erlotinib Eribulin Estramustine Everolimus Etoposide Evolocumab Fludarabine	Nintedanib Niraparib Nivolumab Obinutuzumab Ofatumumab Olaratumab Olaparib	Trabectedin Trastuzumab Treosulfan Tretinoin Trifluridine–tipiracil Trimetinib (with Dabrafenib) Tucatinib
Cabazitaxi Cabozanti Capecitab Carboplati Carmustin Cemiplima Cetuximak	nib ine in ie ab	Fluorouracil Gefitinib Gemcitabine Gemtuzumab Gilteritinib Glofitamab Hydroxycarbamide	Osimertinib Paclitaxel Palbociclib Panobinostat Pazopanib Pemetrexed Pembrolizumab	Vandetinib Vemurafenib Venetoclax Vinblastine Vincristine Vindesine Vinorelbine
Chlorambu Cisplatin Cladribine Clofarabin Crizanulizu Crizotinib Cytarabine	ie umab e	(Hydroxurea) Ibrutinib Idarubicin Ifosfamide Imatinib Irinotecan Ipilimumab	Pentostatin Pirtobrutinib Procarbazine Raltitrexed Ruxolitinib	Zanubrutinib  Supportive agents Calcium Folinate Disodium folinate Mesna
prescribing	oxic drugs suitable for g in primary care SAFFECTING IMMUNE I	RESPONSE		Azathioprine & Mercaptopurine for IBD Oral Methotrexate for Immunosuppression
8.2.1	Cytotoxic immunosuppressants			Azathioprine  • Azathioprine & Mercaptopurine for IBD  • Azathioprine for Immunosuppression  Mycophenolate mofetil and Mycophenolic acid  • Mycophenolate mofetil for Immunosuppression  • Mycophenolate mofetil &mycophenolic acid (Myfortic) for renal transplant
8.2.2	Corticosteroids and other immunosuppressants	Prednisolone – see 6.3.2		Ciclosporin

		Everolimus	
8.2.3	Anti-lymphocyte	See drugs approved for in-patient or specialist	t
	monoclonal antibodies	administration	
		Alemtuzumab	
		Atalizumab	
		Obinutuzumab – Approved as RED in line with	NICE
		<u>TA 343</u>	
		<u>Ocrelizumab</u>	
		<u>Ofatumumab</u>	
		Pertuzumab	
		Pembrolizumab	
		Rituximab	
8.2.4	Other	Interferon alfa	
	immunomodulating	Interferon beta	
	drugs		
		Peginterferon alfa	
		Fingolimod	
		Glatiramer	
		Siponimod	
		Lenalinomide	
		Thalidomide	
		Pomalidomide	
		Carfilzomab	
		Teriflunomide	
		Ponesimod	
		Discathod Francounts	
		Dimethyl Fumarate	
		Diroximel Fumarate	
		Cladribine Tablets	
		Ofantumumab	
		Orantuman	
		See also drugs approved for in-patient or spec	rialiet
		administration only	Juliot
		administration only	

8.3.1	Oestrogens	Diethylstilbestrol		
8.3.2	Progesterone	Medroxyprogesterone	Megestrol acetate	
8.3.4.1	Hormone antagonists – breast cancer	Tamoxifen Letrozole Anastrozole		Exemestane Tamoxifen for chemoprevention of familial breast cancer Fulvestrant Anastrozole for chemoprevention of familial breast cancer Raloxifene for chemoprevention of familial breast cancer
8.3.4.2	Hormone antagonists – prostate cancer Gonadorelin analogues	Goserelin Leuprorelin Triptorelin (Amber 1)		<u>Degarelix</u>
	Anti-androgens	Cyproterone acetate	Bicalutamide Flutamide	Abiraterone <u>Enzalutamide (in line with TA316)</u> <u>Darolutamide (in line with TA660)</u> Apalutamide (in line with <u>TA740</u> and <u>TA741</u> )
8.3.4.3	Somatostatin analogues	Octreotide injection short acting (gastro indications)		Somatostatin analogues  Lanreotide (Somatuline LA and Somatuline Autogel)  Octreotide (Sandostatin Lar)  Octreotide Injection Short Acting (Other Indications)  Pegvisomant (Somavert) Injection  Pasireotide – NHSE IFR Only

BNF Section	Drug name (s)
8.1 Cytotoxic drugs	See page43 -44
8.2 Drugs affecting immune response	Rituximab
	Alemtuzumab (Cancer Services, Neurology)
	Natalizumab (Neurology)
	Ocrelizumab (Neurology)
	BCG Therapeutic Bladder Wash ( <i>Urology, Cancer Services</i> )
Systemic Mastocytosis	Avapritinib
Unlicensed drugs	Clinical Indication

### BNF CHAPTER 9: NUTRITION AND BLOOD

### National guidance:

http://pathways.nice.org.uk/pathways/nutrition-support-in-adults

http://pathways.nice.org.uk/pathways/anaemia-management-in-people-with-chronic-kidney-disease

http://pathways.nice.org.uk/pathways/hyperphosphataemia-in-chronic-kidney-disease/hyperphosphataemia-in-chronic-kidney-disease-overview

### Local guidance:

Clinical Guideline on Replacement with High-potency Vitamin D in patients with vitamin D insufficiency or deficiency

http://www.hey.nhs.uk/herpc/guidelines/led/vitaminDHighPotency.pdf

Renavit Request Form

Guideline for the Management of Vitamin B12 and Folate Deficiency

BNF Section	Description	First line choice(s)	Second line choice(s)	Other treatment options  KEY  Red drug – specialist only  Amber drug – as per shared care framework  Blue - Specialist advised / Guideline led as per  specialist advice or as per guideline
9.1 ANAE	MIAS AND SOME OTHER	R BLOOD DISORDERS		
9.1.1.1	Iron deficiency anaemia – oral iron	Ferrous fumarate	Ferrous sulphate Sodium feredetate	Feraccru (Ferric Maltol)
9.1.2	Drugs used in megaloblastic anaemia	Hydroxocobalamin injection Cyanocobalamin  Folic acid		See HERPC Guideline
9.1.3	Drugs used in hypoplastic, haemolytic & renal anaemias			Darbepoetin Alfa Epoetin Alfa Epoetin Beta Eculizumab HST1 Roxadustat TA807  Desferrioxamine (Iron overload)
9.1.4	Drugs used in platelet disorders			Anagrelide Romiplostim Eltrombopag Avatrombopag

				Fostamatinib
9.1.6	Drugs used in neutropenia			Filgrastim Pegfilgrastim Lenograstim
9.2 FLUID	S & ELECTROLYTES		•	
9.2.1.1	Oral potassium	Sando-K	Kay-Cee-L Liquid Potassium Chloride SR (if other forms unsuitable)	
	Hyperkalaemia			Calcium resonium (calcium polystyrene sulfonate) Resonium A (sodium polystyrene sulfonate) Sodium Zirconium Patiromer
9.2.1.2	Oral sodium and water: Oral rehydration salts	Oral rehydration salts		
	oral sodium			Sodium chloride M/R Sodium chloride oral solution 1mmol/ml
9.2.1.3	Oral bicarbonate			Sodium bicarbonate 500mg caps
	NUTRITION			
9.4.1				
	Enteral nutrition	Products should only be preso specialist nutrition team.	ribed on advice of dietitian or	
9.5 MINER	RALS			
9.5.1.1	Calcium only	Calcium carbonate tabs	Calcium effervescent tabs 1g	Alliance Calcium Liquid
9.5.1.2	Hypercalcaemia & hypercalciuria			Cinacalcet Bisphosphonates – see section 6.6.2 Etelcalcetide Injection
9.5.1.3	Magnesium supplements	Magnesium-L-aspartate (Magnaspartate)		Magnesium glycerophosphate (MagnaPhate)
9.5.2.1	Phosphate supplements			Phosphate-Sandoz Sodium phosphate oral solution
9.5.2.2	Phosphate-binding agents	Calcium acetate (1st line)		Sevelamer Lanthanum carbonate Calcium carbonate

			Aluminium hydroxide Sucroferric Oxyhydroxide (Velphoro®)
9.5.3	Fluoride		Sodium Fluoride 0.619% (Duraphat Toothpaste 2800 ppm & 5000ppm)  Post chemotherapy treatment  Sodium Fluoride Mouthwash 0.05%  Post chemotherapy treatment
9.5.4	Zinc		Zinc sulphate monohydrate (Solvazinc)
9.5.5	Selenium		Selenium sodium selenite pentahydrate oral solution (Selenase)
9.6 VITA	MINS		
		for some pregnant women and children under 4 years	via Healthy Start <a href="http://www.healthystart.nhs.uk/">http://www.healthystart.nhs.uk/</a>
9.6.1	Vitamin A		Vitamin A Oral solution 150 000 units / ml
9.6.2	Vitamin B group	Thiamine tabs	
		Pyridoxine tabs	Pyridoxine S/F liquid
		Vitamin B Compound Strong	Vitamin B Compound (tabs can be crushed)
9.6.3	Vitamin C	Ascorbic acid	
9.6.4	Calcium & Vitamin D  Vitamin D only	Calcium carbonate /colecalciferol 1.25gram/500 units 1.5gram/400 units 1.25gram/440 units (Cacit D3 effervescent granules) 2.5gram/880 units (Accrete D3 once a day)	Alfacalcidol Calcitriol Paracalcitol  See HERPC guideline on Vitamin D prescribing Ergocalciferol Oral solution Ergocalciferol injection
		Colecalciferol follow guidelines	
9.6.5	Vitamin E		Alpha tocopheryl

			Alpha tocopheryl acetate
9.6.6	Vitamin K		Menadiol sodium phosphate
			Phytomenadione
9.6.7	Multivitamin preparations	Abidec/Dalivit Drops	DEKAS Plus/Essential for CF patients only
	proparations	Forceval	Ketovite
			Renavit (haemodialysis patients)
9.8.1	Metabolic disorders		Penicillamine
			Carnitine

BNF Section	Drug name (s)		
9.1.1.2 Parenteral iron	Iron dextran (Cosmofer)		
	Iron sucrose complex (Venofer)		
	Iron (III) isomaltoside 1000 (Monofer) – Renal Medicine & Cardiac Surgery		
	Iron (III) Isomaltoside (Diafer®) - Renal Medicine Only		
9.2.2 Parenteral fluids	Glucose 5%, 10%, 20%, 50%		
	Sodium bicarbonate 1.26%, 4.2%, 8.4%		
	Sodium chloride 0.9%		
	Sodium chloride 0.18%, 0.45%, 1.8%, 2.7%, 5%		
	Sodium chloride 0.18% and Glucose 4%, Sodium chloride 0.18% and Glucose 10%		
	Sodium chloride 0.45% and Glucose 5%		
	Sodium lactate, compound		
	Potassium chloride 0.15% and Glucose 5%, Potassium chloride 0.15% and Glucose 10% (for GKI)		
	Potassium chloride 0.3% and Glucose 5%, Potassium chloride 0.3% and Glucose 10%		
	Potassium chloride 0.6% and Glucose 5%		
	Potassium chloride 0.15% and sodium chloride 0.9%		
	Potassium chloride 0.3% and sodium chloride 0.9%		
	Potassium chloride 0.6% and sodium chloride 0.9%		
	Potassium chloride 1.5% and sodium chloride 0.9% (treated as Controlled Drug)		
	Potassium chloride 15% (treated as Controlled Drug)		
	Potassium chloride 0.15%, sodium chloride 0.18% and glucose 10%		
	Potassium chloride 0.15%, sodium chloride 0.45% and glucose 5%		
	Potassium chloride 0.15%, sodium chloride 0.9% and glucose 5%		
	Potassium chloride 0.15%, sodium chloride 0.18% and glucose 4%		
	Potassium chloride 0.3%, sodium chloride 0.18% and glucose 4%		
	Potassium chloride 0.3%, sodium chloride 0.45% and glucose 5%		
	Potassium chloride 0.3%, sodium chloride 0.9% and glucose 5%		

9.2.2.2 Plasma substitutes	Phosphate infusion (Polyfusor)  Gelatin IV (Volplex)  Hydroxyethyl starch (Voluven®, Volulyte®,)  Albumin Solution
9.3 Intravenous nutrition	Parenteral Nutrition ordered via nutrition team and via IFR for home patients
9.4 Enteral Nutrition	Pre-op
9.5.1.1 Parenteral calcium	Calcium chloride injection
	Calcium gluconate injection
9.5.1.3 Parenteral magnesium	Magnesium sulphate injection
9.5.5 Selenium	Selenium sodium selenite pentahydrate injection
9.6.2 Vitamin B	Pabrinex IV or IM
Unlicensed drugs	Clinical Indication
Vitamin A injection	Paediatrics
Pyridoxine injection	Paediatrics
Haem arginate	Porphyria
Biotin & Pyridoxal	Paediatrics

### BNF CHAPTER 10: MUSCULOSKELETAL AND JOINT DISEASES

	National guidance:				
http://pathv	http://pathways.nice.org.uk/pathways/musculoskeletal-conditions				
http://pathw	http://pathways.nice.org.uk/pathways/rheumatoid-arthritis				
http://Syste	emic Biological Therapy fo	r Rheumatology Arthritis			
	-				
Local guid					
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ww.hey.nhs.uk/herpc/guidelines			
BNF	Description	First line choice(s)	Second line choice(s)	Other treatment options	
Section				KEY	
				Red drug – specialist only	
				Amber drug – as per shared care framework	
				Blue -Specialist advised / Guideline Led as per	
				specialist advice or as per guideline	
10 1 DDIIC	   SS USED IN RHEUMATIC	DISEASE AND COUT			
10.1.1	Non steroidal anti-	-	Meloxicam	Dislofence (eral poet on use, poet on restal use)	
10.1.1		Ibuprofen	Meioxicam	Diclofenac (oral post op use, post op rectal use).  Long-term oral diclofenac is not recommended for	
	inflammatory drugs	Naproxen		routine NSAIDs prescribing. Diclofenac remains a	
				formulary option but the cardiovascular safety must	
				be considered on an individual basis. See MHRA	
				advice.	
				advice.	
				Diclofenac oral	
				Indometacin	
				Mefenamic acid	
				Celecoxib	
				Etoricoxib	
10.1.2.1	3		ids) and 1.5 (Chronic bowel disorder	s)	
10.1.2.2	Local corticosteroid	Methylprednisolone acetate	Triamcinolone acetonide		
	injection	with/without lidocaine	Hydrocortisone acetate		
10.1.3	Drugs which suppress	Specialist only		Specialist only – as per NICE guidance	
	the rheumatic disease	<ul> <li>Methotrexate</li> </ul>		Apremilast	
	process	<ul> <li>Sulfasalazine</li> </ul>		Tocilizumab	
		<ul> <li>Azathioprine</li> </ul>		Ustekinumab	
		• <u>Ciclosporin</u>		Abatacept	

		<ul> <li>Chloroquine</li> <li>Hydroxychloroquine</li> <li>Leflunomide</li> <li>Mycophenolate mofeti</li> <li>Penicillamine</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Infliximab</li> <li>Sarilumab</li> <li>Ixekizumab</li> <li>Brodalumumab</li> <li>Secukinumab</li> <li>Cyclophosphamide</li> <li>Adalimumab</li> <li>Anakinra</li> <li>Certolizumab Pegol</li> <li>Etanercept</li> <li>Baricitinib</li> <li>Rituximab</li> <li>Golimumab</li> <li>Tofacinitib</li> <li>Upadacitinib</li> <li>Filgotinib</li> <li>Filgotinib</li> <li>Bimekizumab</li> <li>Risankizumab</li> <li>Guselkumab</li> <li>Voclosporin with mycophenolate mofetil - TA882</li> <li>For specialist administration only - see end of Chapter</li> <li>Systemic Biological Therapy for Rheumatology</li> <li>Arthritis</li> </ul>
10.1.4	Gout and Cytotoxic induced hyperuricaemia	Naproxen Indometacin Allopurinol	Colchicine	Etoricoxib Febuxostat Probenecid Benzbromarone
10.2 DRU	JGS USED IN NEUROMUS	SCULAR DISORDERS		
10.2.1	Drugs which enhance neuromuscular transmission			Neostigmine Pyridostigmine

10.2.2	Skeletal muscle relaxants	Diazepam		Baclofen Dantrolene Tizanidine Sativex® by MS team only
10.2.2	Nocturnal leg cramps	Advice (e.g. passive stretching exercises)	Quinine sulfate	Quinine is not recommended for routine treatment and should not be used unless cramps cause regular disruption to sleep –see BNF for further guidance.
10.3 DRU	GS FOR RELIEF OF SOF	T-TISSUE INFLAMMATION		
10.3.1	Enzymes			Hyaluronidase
10.3.2	Rubefacients and other topical antirheumatics:	Ibuprofen	Capsaicin	Suggest OTC treatment

BNF Section	Drug name (s)
10.1.1 NSAIDS	Diclofenac IV (Dyloject) (Theatres)
	Ibuprofen IV (post op pain)
10.1.2 Corticosteroids	Dexamethasone sodium phosphate
10.1.3 Drugs which suppress the	Abatacept (Rheumatology)
rheumatic disease process	Tocilizumab (Rheumatology)
	Infliximab (Dermatology, Gastroenterology,Rheumatology)
	Rituximab (Rheumatology)
	Sarilumab
10.1.4 Cytotoxic induced	Rasburicase (Haematology/Oncology)
hyperuricaemia	
10.2.1 Drugs which enhance	Edrophonium ( for Tensilon test)
neuromuscular transmission	
10.5.2 Soft Tissue Disorders	Collagenase Clostridium Histolyticum
Unlicensed drugs	Clinical Indication
Diaminopyridine	Myasthenia gravis

#### BNF CHAPTER 11: EYE

	National guidance: http://pathways.nice.org.uk/pathways/glaucoma/glaucoma-overview				
	w.hey.nhs.uk/herpc/guidelin				
BNF Section	w.hey.nhs.uk/herpc/guidelin  Description	First line choice(s)	Second line choice(s)	Other treatment options  KEY  Red drug – specialist only  Amber drug – as per shared care framework  Blue -Specialist advised / Guideline Led as per specialist advice or as per guideline	
	I-INFECTIVE EYE PREPA	RATIONS			
11.3.1	Anti-bacterials	Chloramphenicol eye drops + eye ointment Ciprofloxacin Eye Drops	Fusidic acid viscous eye drops Ofloxacin eye drops	Gentamicin eye drops Polihexanide Eye Drops Chlorhexidine eye drops Chlortetracycline eye ointment Vancomycin eye drops Propamidine eye drops	
11.3.2	Antifungals			Voriconazole eye drops	
				Natamycin eye drops	
11.3.3	Antiviral eye drops	Aciclovir eye ointment	Ganciclovir Gel	Trifluothymidine eye drops	
		HER ANTI-INFLAMMATORY	I <b>-</b>	T	
11.4.1	Corticosteroids All specialist advised	Prednisolone eye drops	Dexamethasone eye drops  Betamethasone eye drops	Fluorometholone eye drops  Dexamethasone/Polymixin B/Neomycin Sulphate ( <i>Maxitrol</i> )eye drops or eye ointment Tobramycin / Dexamethasone eye drops ( <i>Tobradex</i> )	
11.4.2	Other anti-inflammatory preparations Short term (1 week max)	Antazoline/Xylometazoline eye drops		Olopatadine eye drops	

	Longer duration	Sodium cromoglicate eye drops	Nedocromil sodium eye drops	Ciclosporin 0.1% eye drops (Verkazia®) Ciclosporin 0.1% eye drops (Ikervis®) [other strengths are unlicensed preparations and are Red]  Ketotifen (Ketofall®)		
11.5 MYC	RIATICS AND CYCLOPLE	EGICS All specialist advised				
11.5	Antimuscarinics	Atropine eye drops	Cyclopentolate eye drops	Homatropine eye drops		
11.6 TRE	ATMENT OF GLAUCOMA	: All specialist advised. See F	Prescribing Guideline for Glaucom	<u>a</u>		
11.6	Beta-blockers eye drops	Timolol	Betaxolol			
	Prostaglandin analogues	Latanaprost	Travoprost			
	eye drops	•	Bimatoprost			
			Tafluprost			
	Prostaglandin analogues	Latanoprost / timolol	Travoprost / Timolol			
	with timolol eye drops		Bimatoprost/Timolol (Ganfort®)			
			Tafluprost/Timolol (Taptiqom®)			
	Sympathomimetics	Brimonidine				
	Carbonic anhydrase	Dorzolamide (generic) eye	Brinzolamide eye drops	Acetazolamide used long term for patients with		
	inhibitors	drops		idiopathic intracranial hypertension, glaucoma		
			Brinzolamide/Brimonidine (Simbrinza)	patients awaiting or unsuitable for surgery, and patients with cystoid macular oedema secondary to		
				inherited retinal diseases (specialist prescriber for short term post-op use)		
	Carbonic anhydrase	Dorzolamide / Timolol	Brinzolamide/Timolol (Azarga®)			
	inhibitors with timolol	(generic)				
	eye drops					
	Miotics	Pilocarpine eye drops				
11.8 MISC	CELLANEOUS OPHTHALN	1.8 MISCELLANEOUS OPHTHALMIC PREPARATIONS				

11.8.1	Tear deficiency, ocular lubricants and astringents	Polyvinyl alcohol eye drops Liquid paraffin eye ointment	Hypromellose eye drops  Macrogols eye drops (Systane)	See <u>Prescribing Guideline for Ocular Lubricants</u> Sodium hyaluronate eye drops (Artelac Rebalanc®)e
	Conditions for which OTC products should not be routinely prescribed	Carbomer eye drops or liquid gel	Carmellose single use eye drops	& HYLO-forte®)) Acetylcysteine eye drops
				Sodium chloride 0.9% eye drops Sodium Chloride 5% eye drops Ciclosporin 0.1% eye drops (Ikervis®) (unlicensed preparations in Red)
11.8.2	Ocular peri-operative drugs			Ketorolac eye drops Bromfenac eye drops NSAID eye drops are used long term for cystoid macular oedema (specialist prescriber for short term post-op use) Povidone iodine eye drops Apraclonidine eye drops Potassium ascorbate eye drops
Misc	Vitamin supplementation for prevention of wet AMD			CCG COMMISSIONING DECISIONS  AREDs & AREDS 2 not commissioned in Hull & ERY CCG.

BNF Section	Drug name (s)
11.4.1 Corticosteroids	Dexamethasone intravitreal implant (Ophthalmology)
	Fluocinolone intravitreal implant (Ophthalmology)
11.5 Mydriatics and cycloplegics	Tropicamide eye drops (Ophthalmic examination)
	Phenylephrine eye drops (Ophthalmic examination or procedures)
11.7 Local anaesthetics	Tetracaine (Amethocaine) eye drops (Ophthalmic examination or procedures)
	Oxybuprocaine eye drops (Ophthalmic examination or procedures)
	Lidocaine (Lignocaine) with Fluoroscein eye drops (Ophthalmic examination or procedures)
	Proxymetacaine eye drops (Ophthalmic examination or procedures)
	Tropicamide/Lidocaine/Phenylephrine (Mydraine)
11.8.2 Ocular diagnostic preparations	Fluoroscein eye drops and Fluorets (Ophthalmic examination)
	Acetylcholine eye drops (Ophthalmic surgery)
	Povidone iodine minims (Ophthalmic surgery)
	HydroxyPropylMethylcellulose eye drops (Ophthalmic surgery)
	Balanced salt solution and Balanced salt solution plus (Ophthalmic surgery)
	Sodium hyaluronate prefilled syringes (Ophthalmic procedures)
	Sodium hyaluronate + lidocaine (Ophthalmic procedures)
11.8.2 Subfoveal choroidal	Aflibercept (Ophthalmic surgery)
neovascularisation	Verteporfin (Ophthalmic surgery)
	Ranibizumab (Ophthalmic surgery)
	Bevacizumab (Ophthalmic surgery)
	Brolucizumab(Ophthalmic surgery)
	Faricimab (Ophthalmic surgery)
11.8.2 Vitreomacular traction	Ocriplasmin (Ophthalmic surgery)
Unlicensed drugs	Clinical Indication
Fluroscein sodium injection	Diagnostic (Ophthalmology)
Alcohol 18% Eye Application	Debriding agent

This section has been intentionally removed

The Humber APC joint formulary is available at Humber APC Formulary (apcnlgformulary.nhs.uk)

Drugs approved for in-patient or specialist team administration only
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The Humber APC joint formulary is available at Humber APC Formulary (apcnlgformulary.nhs.uk)

**BNF CHAPTER 13: SKIN** 

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The Humber APC joint formulary is available at Humber APC Formulary (apcnlgformulary.nhs.uk)

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The Humber APC joint formulary is available at Humber APC Formulary (apcnlgformulary.nhs.uk)

#### BNF CHAPTER 14: IMMUNOLOGICAL PRODUCTS AND VACCINES

BNF Section	Description	First line choice(s)	Second line choice(s)	Other treatment options  KEY  Red drug – specialist only  Amber drug – as per shared care framework  Blue - Specialist advised / Guideline Led as per specialist advice or as per guideline
14.4 VACCINES AND	ANTISERA	·	•	•
14.4 Vaccines and Antisera	Immunisation again https://www.gov.uk green-book N.B. The General Name of Specifications will provide the specification and specifications will provide the specification and specifications will provide the specification and specification and specification and specification and specification and specifications will provide the specification and specifications will provide the specification will be specification	nst Infectious Disease  //government/collections/immur  //dedical Services Contract and provide information on the available of the services contract and provide information on the available of the services	ed in line with DoH Green Book:  nisation-against-infectious-disease-the- any locally agreed enhanced service ability of vaccines below on the NHS.	

<ul><li>Rotavirus vaccir</li><li>Rubella vaccine</li></ul>	e	
<ul><li>Smallpox</li><li>Tetanus vaccine</li></ul>	S	
<ul><li>Tick-borne ence</li><li>Typhoid vaccine</li><li>Varicella zoster</li><li>Yellow fever</li></ul>		
COVID-19 vaccines	as per national guidance	

BNF Section	Drug name (s)	
14.5 Immunoglobulins	Normal Human Immunoglobulin (various brands)	
	Hepatitis B Immunoglobulin	
	Tetanus Immunoglubulin	
	Varicella Zoster Immunoglubulin	
	nti-D (Rh₀) immunoglobulin ( <i>Haematology</i> )	
Unlicensed drugs	Clinical Indication	
Antihuman Thymocyte Immunoglobulin	Haematology / Immunology	
(Equine)		

#### BNF CHAPTER 15: ANAESTHESIA

National guidance:						
Local guidance:						
BNF Section	Description	First line choice(s)	Second line choice(s)	Other treatment options  KEY  Red drug – specialist only  Amber drug – as per shared care framework  Blue - Specialist advised / Guideline Led as per  specialist advice or as per guideline		
15.1 GE	NERAL ANAESTHESIA					
15.1.1	Intravenous anaesthetics			Ketamine injection (palliative care)		
15.1.3	Antimuscarinic injections	Hyoscine butylbromide		Glycopyrronium injection (palliative care)		
15.1.4	Sedative and analgesic peri-operative drugs			Midazolam injection 10mg/2ml (palliative care)		
15.1.7	Antagonists for central and respiratory depression			Flumazenil Naloxone		
15.2 LOC	CAL ANAESTHESIA			<u> </u>		
15.2	Local infiltration	Lidocaine injection  Lidocaine + adrenaline injection	Bupivicaine injection			
	Surface anaesthesia	Lidocaine ointment  Instillagel  Tetracaine gel (Ametop)	Lidocaine / Prilocaine cream	Lidocaine plasters (commissioned for licensed indication only )		
		j , ,,,	(EMLA)			

BNF Section	Drug name (s)
15.1.1 Intravenous anaesthetics	Thiopental sodium injection (Theatres)
	Etomidate injection (Theatres)
	Ketamine injection (Theatres)
	Propofol injection (Theatres)
15.1.2 Inhalational anaesthetics	Sevoflurane (Theatres)
	Isoflurane (Theatres)
	Desflurane (Theatres)
15.1.3 Antimuscarinic drugs	Atropine sulphate injection (Theatres, Emergency use)
15.1.4 Sedative and analgesic peri-	Midazolam injection (Theatres/Endoscopy)
operative drugs	Diazepam injection (?)
	Diclofenac sodium injection, Ketoprofen injection, Ketorolac injection, Parecoxib injection
	Alfantanii Danifantanii Fantanal Dathidina (Thaataa (Onitiaa) ann)
	Alfentanil, Remifentanil, Fentanyl, Pethidine (Theatres/Critical care)
15.1.5 Muscle relaxants	Atracurium besilate, Cisatracurium, Mivacurium chloride, Pancuronium bromide, Rocuronium bromide,
To. 1.0 Mideolo Folaxante	Vecuronium bromide ( <i>Theatres</i> )
	Suxamethonium bromide ( <i>Theatres</i> )
15.1.6 Anti-cholinesterases	Neostigmine ( <i>Theatres</i> )
10.1.07 that orioninesterases	Edrophonium ( <i>Theatres</i> )
	Glycopyrronium-Neostigmine ( <i>Theatres</i> )
	Suggamadex (Theatres)
15.1.8 Drugs for malignant	Dantrolene sodium injection (Critical Care)
hyperthermia	Danielono odalam injedicini (ombori odro)
15.2 Local anaesthesia	Bupivicaine, Levobupivicaine (Theatres)

	Prilocaine (Theatres)	
	Hyperbaric Prilocaine injection (Day Surgery only)	
	Ropivicaine injection and epidural infusion	
	Lidocaine Topical Spray ( <i>Theatres / Endoscopy</i> )	
	Cocaine (ENT)	
	LAT Gel (A&E)	
Unlicensed drugs	Clinical Indication	

# FORMULARY APPENDIX 1 – DRUGS RECOMMENDED IN NICE TA/NHSE COMMISSIONING POLICY WHICH ARE NOT IN FORMULARY

NICE TA	EXPLANATION
TA85 Renal Transplantation – Immunosuppressive Regimens	Renal transplant operations are not performed by HUTH.
(Adults)	
TA99 Renal Transplantation – Immunosuppressive Regimens for	Renal transplant operations are not performed by HUTH.
Children and Adolescents	
TA235 Osteosarcoma – Mifamurtide	Recommended for treatment in specified children, adolescents and young adults. This cohort of patients are referred to specialist provider.
TA305 Pixantrone Monotherapy for treating multiple relapsed or refractory aggressive non Hodgkins B-cell lymphoma	Available via chairs approval until submission received by D&T committee
TA378 Ramucirumab for treating advanced gastric cancer or gastro oesophageal junction adenocarcinoma previously treated with chemotherapy	Available via chairs approval until submission received by D&T committee
TA477 Autologous chondrocyte implantation for treating symptomatic articular cartilage defects of the knee	HUTH not a specialist centre
TA410 – Talimogene laherparepvec for treating unresectable metastatic melanoma	HUTH not a specialist centre
TA538 Dinutuximab beta for treating neuroblastoma	Recommended for treatment in specified children. This cohort of patients are referred to specialist provider, not used at HUTH
TA539 Lutetium (177Lu) oxodotreotide for treating unresectable or metastatic neuroendocrine tumours	Targeted radioisotope would not be used by HUTH
TA541 <u>Inotuzumab ozogamicin for treating relapsed or refractory B-cell acute lymphoblastic leukaemia</u>	Available via chairs approval until submission received by D&T committee
TA554 Tisagenlecleucel for treating relapsed or refractory B-cell acute lymphoblastic leukaemia in people aged up to25years	HUTH not a specialist centre
TA559 <u>Axicabtagene ciloleucel for treating diffuse large B-cell lymphoma and primary mediastinal large B-cell lymphoma after 2 or more systemic therapies</u>	HUTH not a specialist centre
TA567 Tisagenlecleucel for treating relapsed or refractory diffuse large B-cell lymphoma after 2 or more systemic therapies	HUTH not a specialist centre
TA572 Ertugliflozin as monotherapy or with metformin for treating type 2 diabetes	Available via chairs approval until submission received by D&T committee

TA577 Brentuximab vedotin for treating CD30 positive cutaneous T-cell	HUTH not a specialist centre
lymphoma.	The first dispectance centre
TA583 Ertugliflozin with metformin and a dipeptidyl peptidase-4	Available via chairs approval until submission received by D&T committee
inhibitor for treating type 2 diabetes	
TA588 Nusinersen for treating spinal muscular atrophy	HUTH not a specialist centre
TA591 Letermovir for preventing cytomegalovirus disease after a stem	Available via chairs approval until submission received by D&T committee
cell transplant	Available via chairs approval until submission received by Der committee
TA595 Dacomitinib for untreated EGFR mutation positive non small cell	Available via chairs approval until submission received by D&T committee
lung cancer	
TA617 <u>Lusutrombopag for treating thrombocytopenia in people with</u>	Available via chairs approval until submission received by D&T committee
chronic liver disease needing a planned invasive procedure	
TA622 Sotagliflozin with insulin for treating type 1 diabetes	Available via chairs approval until submission received by D&T committee
TAO22 Sottaginiozini With Insulin for treating type I diabetes	Available via chairs approval until submission received by D&T committee
TA630 Larotrectinib for treating NTRK fusion-positive solid tumours	Available via chairs approval until submission received by D&T committee
TA667 Caplacizumab with plasma exchange and immunosuppression for	HUTH not a specialist centre
treating acute acquired thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura	
Tafamidis Heart Failure Service	Available via chairs approval only
TA698 Ravulizumab for treating paroxysmal nocturnal haemoglobinuria	HUTH not a specialist centre
	Specialist centre is at Newcastle
TA 729 Sapropterin for treating hyperphenylalaninaemia in	HUTH is not a specialist centre
phenylketonuria	
HST16 Givosiran for treating acute hepatic porphyria	HUTH is not a specialist centre
TATES - Fodestinib for treating disease valeted colonomogaly or	Specialist centre is Leeds
TA756 Fedratinib for treating disease-related splenomegaly or symptoms in myelofibrosis	Available via chairs approval until submission received by D&T committee
TA752 Belimumab for treating active autoantibody-positive systemic	Available via chairs approval until submission received by D&T committee
lupus erythematosus	Available via chang approval after submission received by bar committee
TA748 Mexiletine for treating the symptoms of myotonia in non-	Available via chairs approval until submission received by D&T committee
dystrophic myotonic disorders	, ,
TA755 Risdiplam for treating spinal muscular atrophy	HUTH not specialist centre
	Adults – Sheffield Teaching Hospital
	Children – Leeds Teaching Hospitals or Sheffield Childrens Hospitals

HST17 Odevixibat for treating progressive familial intrahepatic	HUTH not specialist centre
cholestasis	Leeds Teaching Hospitals
HST19 Elosulfase alfa for treating mucopolysaccharidosis type 4A	HUTH not specialist centre
HST20 Selumetinib for treating symptomatic and inoperable plexiform	HUTH not a specialist centre
neurofibromas associated with type 1 neurofibromatosis in children	Leeds Children's Hospitals
aged 3 and over	Sheffield Children's Hospitals NHS Trust
TA758 Solriamfetol for treating excessive daytime sleepiness caused by	Available via chairs approval until submission received by D&T committee
narcolepsy	
TA769 Palforzia for treating peanut allergy in children and Young people	Available via chairs approval until submission received by D&T committee. HUTH is not a
	paediatric immunology centre – Sheffield Children's Hospital and Leeds Teaching Hospitals
TA778 Pegcetacoplan for treating paroxysmal nocturnal	HUTH not a specialist centre
<u>haemoglobinuria</u>	Specialist centre is at Newcastle
HST21 Setmelanotide for treating obesity caused by LEPR or POMC	HUTH not a specialist centre
deficiency	Cambridge is specialist cenre
TA781 Sotorasib for previously treated KRAS G12C mutation positive	Available via chairs approval until submission received by D&T committee
advanced non-small-cell lung cancer	
TA808 Fenfluramine for treating seizures associated with Dravet	Available via chairs approval until submission received by D&T committee
syndrome	
TA809 Imlifidase for desensitisation treatment before kidney transplant	HUTH is not a specialist centre
in people with chronic blood disease	Leeds Teaching Hospitals are specialist centre
TA814 Abrocitinib, tralokinumab or upadacitinib for treating moderate	Abrocitinib – via chairs approval until submission received by D&T committee
to severe atopic dermatitis	
TA821 Avalglucosidase alfa for treating Pompe disease	HUTH not a specialist centre
	Adult:
	University College London Hospitals NHS FT
	University Hospitals Birmingham NHS FT
	Northern Care Alliance NHS FT
	Cambridge University Hospitals NHS FT
	The Royal Free London NHS FT
	Paediatric:
	Birmingham Women and Children Hospitals NHS FT
	Great Ormond St Hospital NHS FT
	Manchester University NHS Foundation Trust

TA832 Relugolix–estradiol–norethisterone acetate for treating	Available via chairs approval until submission received by D&T committee
moderate to severe symptoms of uterine fibroids	
TA868 Vutrisiran for treating hereditary transthyretin-related	HUTH not a specialist centre
amyloidosis	
HST22 Ataluren for treating Duchenne muscular dystrophy with a	HUTH not a specialist centre
nonsense mutation in the dystrophin gene	
TA874 Polatuzumab vedotin in combination for untreated diffuse	HUTH not a specialist centre
large B-cell lymphoma	
HST24 Onasemnogene abeparvovec for treating presymptomatic	HUTH not a specialist centre
spinal muscular atrophy	
HST25 Lumasiran for treating primary hyperoxaluria type 1	HUTH not a specialist centre
HST26 Eladocagene exuparvovec for treating aromatic L-amino	HUTH not a specialist centre
acid decarboxylase deficiency	
HST15 Onasemnogene abeparvovec for treating spinal muscular	HUTH not a specialist centre
atrophy	
TA882 Voclosporin with mycophenolate mofetil for treating lupus	Available via chairs approval until submission received by D&T committee
nephritis	
TA893Brexucabtagene autoleucel for treating relapsed or	HUTH not a specialist centre
refractory B-cell acute lymphoblastic leukaemia in people 26	
<u>years and over</u>	
TA895 Axicabtagene ciloleucel for treating relapsed or refractory	HUTH not a specialist centre
diffuse large B-cell lymphoma after first-line	
chemoimmunotherapy	
TA912 Cipaglucosidase alfa with miglustat for treating late-onset	HUTH not a specialist centre
Pompe disease	
TA913: Mavacamten for treating symptomatic obstructive	HUTH is not a specialist centre
hypertrophic cardiomyopathy	
TA915: Pegunigalsidase alfa for treating Fabry disease	HUTH is not a specialist centre
TA934 Foslevodopa-foscarbidopa for treating advanced	Available via chairs approval until submission received by D&T committee
Parkinson's with motor symptoms	
TA937 Targeted-release budesonide for treating primary IgA	Available via chairs approval until submission received by D&T committee
nephropathy	